

# Maschinelles Übersetzen natürlicher Sprachen

## 7. Übungsblatt

2016-12-08

### Aufgabe 1

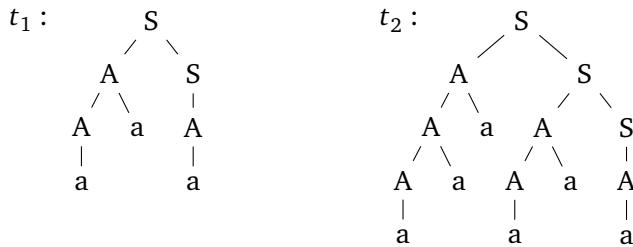
Let  $q \in [0, 1]$  and let  $(G, p)$  be a probabilistic context-free grammar with start symbol  $S$  and the following rules and probabilities:

$$\begin{aligned} S \rightarrow SS & \quad \# q \\ S \rightarrow a & \quad \# 1 - q \end{aligned}$$

1. Find (recursive) definitions for the number of derivations for  $a^n$  and the probability  $P(a^n | (G, p))$  where  $n \geq 1$ .
2. Show that  $(G, p)$  is consistent iff  $q \leq 0.5$ . (*Hint:* Don't get distracted by the solution of the first task.)

### Aufgabe 2

Consider the following trees.



Let  $C$  be a corpus with  $C(t_1) = 2$  and  $C(t_2) = 1$ . Train a pcfg on  $C$ .

### Aufgabe 3

Supervised training of pcfg results in proper and consistent pcfgs. Give intuitive arguments why these pcfgs are consistent.

### Aufgabe 4

Let  $(G, p)$  be a pcfg with the following rules and probability assignment.

$$\begin{aligned} S \rightarrow S & \quad \# 0.25 \\ S \rightarrow SS & \quad \# 0.25 \\ S \rightarrow a & \quad \# 0.25 \\ S \rightarrow \epsilon & \quad \# 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

Determine the reduct  $a \triangleleft G$ ; you may ignore rules which are not useful. Approximate the probability of  $a$ .

**Aufgabe 5**

Let  $(G, p)$  be a pcfg with  $G = (N, \Sigma, S, R)$ . Let  $in$  be defined as in the lecture.

$$in: N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\infty}^{\geq 0}: A \mapsto \sum_{d \in D_G(A, \Sigma^*)} P(d)$$

Show that the following equation holds, as stated in the lecture.

$$\forall A \in N: in(A) = \sum_{\substack{k \in \mathbb{N}, w_0, \dots, w_k \in \Sigma^*, \\ A_1, \dots, A_k \in N: \\ r = A \rightarrow w_0 A_1 w_1 \dots A_k w_k \in R_A}} p(r) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^k in(A_i)$$

**Aufgabe 6**

Let  $(G, p)$  be a proper pcfg with  $G = (N, \Sigma, S, R)$ . Using your knowledge about  $in$ , show the following.

$$\forall A \in N: \sum_{d \in D_G(A, \Sigma^*)} P(d) \leq 1$$